

THE FAIR OPENED.

Decorations of St. Louis Down Town Streets Were Profuse and Beautiful.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS PRESENT

The President of the United States Touched the Golden Button in the White House.

The Cascades Sent Down Their Floods, Thousands of Banners Unfurled and the Great Exposition Was Opened to the World.

St. Louis, April 30.—Saturday at noon the great exposition upon which the city has lavished millions of money, to which her people have devoted years of their best endeavors and for which they have labored with infinite patience and persistence, was thrown open to the world.

The time for promises and pledges has come, the day of fulfillment is at hand, and never has any city put forth greater effort to keep the spirit and letter of her pledge than has St. Louis.

All of Friday and Friday night the people worked with desperate energy to accomplish the thousand and one things that always remain to be done at the last moment. At the exposition 20,000 men worked all day putting the final touches upon the grounds, buildings, sidewalks, cleaning buildings, removing scaffolds and arranging exhibits. This work was continued without cessation until dawn. In the downtown streets and in the residence districts the decorations are profuse and beautiful.

The exercises Saturday were more serious than repleteness. There was comparatively little of the glittering pageant that marked the dedication exercises a year ago, but the ceremonies preceding the formal opening were none the less interesting.

At 8 o'clock in the morning all the high dignitaries of the exposition met at the administration building and, headed by a band, marched to the plaza of St. Louis in the center of the exposition grounds. Representatives of foreign governments met at the hall of congresses at the same hour and timed their parade to the plaza so as to arrive at the same moment the exposition officials marched in from the opposite direction. At the same time representatives of state and territorial governments entered the plaza from a third avenue, having previously formed at the United States building.

After the gathering had been formally called to order by President Francis, Rev. Frank W. Gunsaulus, of Chicago, delivered the invocation. At the conclusion of the prayer Director of Works Isaac S. Taylor delivered the keys of the buildings to President Francis, who in turn transferred the buildings to Frederick J. V. Skiff, the director of exhibits.

The chorus "Hymn of the West," the words by Edmund Clarence Stedman and music by John Knowles Paine, was then sung, and addresses were made by the following gentlemen: Mayor Wells, of St. Louis; Hon. Thos. T. Carter, president of the national commission; Senator Henry S. Burton, of New Hampshire, in behalf of the United States senate; Congressman James A. Tamm, of Minnesota, for the national house of representatives; Commissioner General Albino R. Nuncio, of Mexico, in behalf of the foreign commissioners; E. H. Harriman, of New York, for the exhibitors.

The last speech of the day was by Secretary of War William H. Taft, and at its conclusion the signal was given to President Roosevelt in the white house, the golden key was pressed, the cascades sent down their floods, the thousands of banners were unfurled and the great Louisiana purchase exposition was opened to the world.

Excursion trains came in by the score and Saturday was officially declared a legal holiday by Mayor Wells.

Among the distinguished visitors to arrive Friday were Secretary of War William H. Taft, who represents the president, and Gen. A. R. Chaffee. They reached the city at 8 o'clock Friday night and were met by Gen. Bates, President Francis and other officials. The special congressional train bearing 100 persons, including the committee from the house of representatives appointed to attend the opening exercises, also arrived Friday night, as did governors from a number of states and several notable foreign visitors.

War Vessels Arrive.

During the day the United States gun boat Nashville and the torpedo boat destroyer Lawrence, which will represent the navy at the fair, arrived in St. Louis harbor. Although the boats arrived at an hour somewhat unexpected, which caused disarrangement of plans for a more elaborate demonstration by thousands who had planned to go down to the river to meet them, the greeting to the craft was nevertheless fitting. As the ships came into the harbor they were greeted by a chorus of whistles and shouts of welcome from crowds on excursion steamers. Salutes were fired in answer after which a delegation of World's fair officials, including members of the exposition reception committee, left their yachts and boarded the Nashville. Commander John Hubbard received the party and after commencing ashore went to the city hall where he was formally received by Mayor Wells and city World's fair officials. Later Commander Hubbard was received by President Francis.

Fears He Has Hypnotic Mania.

New York, May 2.—Dr. Patrick H. Collins, of Detroit, Mich., Sunday appeared at Bellevue hospital here and asked to be examined as to his mental condition. He said that he had reason to believe that he was afflicted with hypnotic mania.

Will Command Medical Department.

St. Petersburg, May 2.—Gen. Trepoft has been appointed to command the medical department of the Manchurian army. He will have general direction of the operations of the Red Cross at the seat of war.

THE HANNA MEMORIAL.

The Association Has Started Out to Raise \$150,000.

Washington, April 29.—For the purpose of imparting impetus to the movement to endow a chair of political science in Western Reserve university at Cleveland, O., as a memorial to the late Senator Hanna, William G. Oswald came to Washington Thursday. He is secretary of the Marcus A. Hanna Memorial Chair association, and after leaving Washington will visit Baltimore, Philadelphia and Boston. The association has started out to raise \$150,000 as an endowment fund and already subscriptions have begun to come in. The desire of the promoters is that contributions shall come from all classes of people, rich and in moderate circumstances alike. Mr. Oswald expects to call upon a number of the late Senator Hanna's colleagues in the senate and other prominent officials in public life. He already has received letters from 20 or 30 senators endorsing the memorial movement and expressing a wish to aid it in a friendly way.

SECRETARY OF WAR TAFT.

A Dinner Given in His Honor By the Commercial Club of Cincinnati.

St. Louis, May 2.—A dinner in honor of Secretary of War Taft was tendered Sunday by the Commercial club of Cincinnati, which had escorted Secretary Taft, who is a member of the organization, to the opening ceremonies of the World's fair. Among the guests present were representatives of foreign governments at the fair, Lieut. Gen. Chaffee, Gen. Bates, Gov. Herrick, of Ohio; Mayor Fleischmann, of Cincinnati; President Francis, of the exposition, and W. F. Burdell, chairman of the Ohio state commission. At the Ohio state building on the fair grounds Monday a reception will be given to exposition officials and local army and navy officers, after which Secretary Taft and party will leave for the east.

TERRIBLY BEATEN.

National Organizer Wardjon May Die From His Wounds.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 2.—Word has been received at the headquarters of the United Mine Workers from Denver, Col., notifying President Mitchell that W. N. Wardjon, a national organizer, was terribly beaten Saturday morning by three unknown men at Sargent, Col., and the weapons used were the butts of revolvers. He was so badly beaten as to cause a concussion of the brain and is not expected to live.

William Wardjon is considered one of the strongest organizers in the Colorado field. He has a long experience as organizer, especially in strike districts. Wardjon represented District 15 at the United Mine Workers' convention in this city last January.

TRAPSHOOTING TOURNAMENT.

Spencer, Money and Huff Were the Leaders in the Order Named.

Americus, Ga., April 29.—The interstate trapshooting tournament of the American Gun club closed Thursday. Thirty-five gunners entered the several events Thursday. In the professional class W. Spencer, of St. Louis, Money, of Colorado Springs, and Huff, of Macon, were again the leaders in the order named. Spencer broke 191 targets, Money 189 and Huff 186 out of 200 shots each. Spencer won the costly loving cup for the highest average through the tournament and Yates, of Thomaston, won the prize for the longest straight run in the amateur class.

ALABAMA LYCHING.

Gaines Hall, Colored, Hanged to a Tree By a Mob.

Birmingham, Ala., May 2.—A special from Prattville, Ala., says: News reached this city Sunday morning that Gaines Hall, the Negro who assaulted Mrs. Josiah Owens Saturday, was caught at Kingston Saturday afternoon by a posse, who took him to the scene of the crime and hanged him to a tree. The body was then riddled with bullets. It is said that the Negroes refuse to take down the body and bury it. It was also reported Sunday that Mrs. Owens is in a critical condition. The town is quiet.

Irish Emigration.

London, May 2.—A parliamentary return issued shows that since 1851 and to 1903 nearly 4,000,000 Irish have emigrated, the exact total being 3,961,911, equivalent to 74 per cent. of the average population of Ireland. During the year 1903 40,659 Irishmen emigrated, of which number the United States received 33,501.

Gen. Black in Birmingham.

Birmingham, Ala., May 2.—Gen. John C. Black, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, arrived in Birmingham Sunday night and was welcomed by a committee of local veterans. His trip is purely a personal one.

Natives of South Africa Arrive.

New York, May 2.—The steamer Germanic, which arrived Sunday from Southampton, brought 18 or 20 South African natives belonging to the Zulu Matabele tribe. They are to go to the St. Louis World's fair.

Socialists Will Nominate a Ticket.

Chicago, May 2.—The socialistic party met here and organized a convention which will nominate candidates for president and vice president and name a national platform. The convention consists of 230 delegates.

Box Ten Rounds to a Draw.

Baltimore, April 30.—Eddie Hanlon of San Francisco, boxed ten rounds to a draw with Kid Sullivan, of Washington, at 128 pounds before the Eureka Athletic club. At the end of the bout neither man appeared to be seriously injured.

Ball Players Signed.

Philadelphia, April 30.—The Philadelphia National league club has signed first baseman Jack Doyle, of last year's Brooklyn team, and Outfielder Van Buren, who played with Portland, Ore., last season.

ROOF COLLAPSED.

A Large Number of Sightseers Viewing the Gunboat Nashville at St. Louis Injured.

FERRY STEAMER OVERLOADED.

The Hurricane Deck Gave Way and the Crowd Was Precipitated to the Deck Below.

Several Persons Attempted to Jump Into the River Thinking the Vessel Was Sinking, But Cooler Heads Prevented It.

St. Louis, May 2.—The hurricane roof of the ferry steamer Alonzo C. Church collapsed early Sunday evening while the steamer was crowded with sightseers viewing the United States gunboat Nashville at anchor in the river harbor here, and about 20 people were injured, a number of them being reported in a critical condition.

The ferry steamer had been carrying crowds all day from the foot of Valentine street out into midstream past the Nashville and back again. No stop was made at the Nashville owing to the heavy flood current running. As the ferry boat was rounding the Nashville and starting back to dock the crowd on the upper deck rushed to the steamer's side and out upon the hurricane deck. The strain was too great and the roof collapsed, precipitating a large number of people 20 feet to the deck below, which was also crowded. Instantly a panic ensued. Women screamed, some from injury and some from fright, and several persons attempted to jump into the river thinking the boat was sinking. Cooler heads prevented this and efforts were at once begun to succor the injured. A distress signal was blown from the boat's whistle and tugs hurried alongside, but it was deemed best to proceed to land and not attempt to place the injured on the tugs. Ambulances had been hastily called and soon after the Alonzo C. Church had reached shore the injured were being conveyed to the city hospital and many neighboring homes.

Capt. McClelland said the boat was substantially built and that the accident had been due to the excessive weight on the roof. Passengers declare there were more than 1,000 persons on the steamer, and that the deck that collapsed should not have been used for passengers. The captain of the steamer says it was not overcrowded.

An eye-witness in describing the accident said: "When the steamer was about a hundred yards from the Nashville the action of several sailors near one of the guns attracted the attention of the persons on the roof of the ferry and a rush was made to the port side of the ferry."

"Girls on the ferry were waving their handkerchiefs when there was a cracking noise, quickly followed by the crack of breaking timbers."

"A second later, with a crash that shook the steamer, the entire port side of the roof gave way, hurling more than one hundred passengers to the lower deck, 20 feet below, where they fell upon the struggling crowd which had heard the warning noise and were trying to escape. The broken railing and part of the collapsed deck fell upon them."

"Before the sound of the crash had died away, the 1,000 passengers were in a panic, those nearest the danger spot tearing the clothes from women and children in their frenzy."

"It was said the roof of the ferry boats are not equipped for passengers but owing to the crowds passengers were allowed on all parts of the boat."

Representative Barthold introduced a concurrent resolution requesting the president to invite the governments of civilized nations to send representatives to an international conference to devise plans looking to the negotiation of arbitration treaties between the United States and the different nations, also to discuss the advisability and if possible agree on a gradual reduction of armaments.

MARKET REPORT.

Cincinnati, April 30.

CATTLE—Common	43.00	@ 4.00
Heavy steers	4.90	@ 5.10
CALVES—Extra	4.50	@ 5.10
HOGS—Ch. packers	4.95	@ 5.00
Mixed packers	4.85	@ 4.95
SHEEP—Extra	4.30	@ 4.40
LAMBS—Spring	5.00	@ 5.40
FLOUR—Spring pat. 5.10	@ 5.40	
WHEAT—No. 2 red.	1.05	@ 1.01
No. 3 winter	.95	@ .91
CORN—No. 2 mixed.	.45	@ .41
OATS—No. 2 mixed.	.75	@ .71
RYE—No. 2.	.75	@ .71
HAY—Ch. timothy.	14.75	@ 14.75
PORK—Clear family.	14.10	@ 14.10
LARD—Steam	6.15	@ 6.15
BUTTER—Ch. dairy.	14.10	@ 14.10
Choice creamery	14.10	@ 14.10
APPLES—Choice	3.00	@ 3.50
POTATOES—Per bin	3.75	@ 4.00
TOBACCO—New	5.10	@ 12.00
Old	4.50	@ 14.25

Chicago.

FLOUR—Winter pat. 4.70	@ 4.80	
WHEAT—No. 2 red.	1.00	@ 1.02
No. 3 spring	.85	@ .93
CORN—No. 2 mixed.	.47	@ .48
OATS—No. 2 mixed.	.40	@ .41
RYE—No. 2.	.70	@ .71
PORK—Mess	11.60	@ 11.62
LARD—Steam	6.50	@ 6.52

New York.

FLOUR—Win. str. 4.85	@ 5.00	
WHEAT—No. 2 red.	1.00	@ 1.04
CORN—No. 2 mixed.	.45	@ .55
OATS—No. 2 mixed.	.45	@ .46
RYE—Western	.77	@ .77
PORK—Family	14.50	@ 14.50
LARD—Steam	6.70	@ 6.70

Baltimore.

WHEAT—No. 2 red.	1.00	@ 1.00
CORN—No. 2 mixed.	.45	@ .52
OATS—No. 2 mixed.	.40	@ .42
CATTLE—Steers	5.00	@ 5.10
HOGS—Western	5.00	@ 5.75

Louisville.

WHEAT—No. 2 red.	1.02	@ 1.02
CORN—No. 3 mixed.	.55	@ .55
OATS—No. 2 mixed.	.45	@ .44
PORK—Mess	13.50	@ 13.50
LARD—Steam	6.62	@ 6.62

Indianapolis.

WHEAT—No. 2 red.	1.02	@ 1.02
CORN—No. 3 mixed.	.55	@ .55
OATS—No. 2 mixed.	.45	@ .45

FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

Regular Session.

Washington, April 28.—The attention of the senate was devoted Wednesday to consideration of reports of conference committees, set speeches, passage of bills to which there is little or no objection, and an executive session. The session began at 10 o'clock in the morning and continued until 8 in the evening. Final conference reports on the sundry civil, general deficiency, post office and the military academy appropriation bills were agreed to, practically without opposition. A resolution authorizing the continuation during the recess of the inquiry into the right of Mr. Snoot to his seat in the senate was favorably considered during the day.

House.—In the presence of crowded galleries and of almost a full membership, Messrs. Littlefield (Me.) and Williams (Miss.) made speeches intended for the coming presidential campaign. The two speakers were widely applauded by their respective sides, but there was an absence of personalities such as characterized the clash between Messrs. Dalzell and Cockran. Indeed, the best of humor prevailed.

Washington, April 29.—Senate.—With brief announcement and a sharp rap of his well worked gavel, President Pro Tem Frye adjourned the senate sine die at 2 p. m. Thursday, the hour fixed by resolution of the two houses of congress. The occurrence was devoid of unusual incident and the final closing of the session was but slightly different from the end of an ordinary day's sitting. The senate began its day's work at 10:30 a. m., but the greater part of the time was devoted to a political debate, participated in on the republican side by Messrs. Aldrich and Gorman, and on the democratic side by Messrs. Allison and Culberson. The discussion was based on a statement by Mr. Allison of the appropriations for this year and for the administration of President Roosevelt with those of other years and other administrations. The president and his cabinet were among the most interested listeners to the criticism and defense of their chief.

House.—The closing of the second session of the house of the 58th congress was made notable by the demonstration which was evoked by a resolution offered by Mr. Williams, the minority leader, testifying to the courtesy and impartial manner in which Speaker Cannon had presided over the session. The resolution was not of the prefatory kind, but was expressive of the kindly feeling which men in the house of all parties entertained toward him. In a graceful speech the speaker declared his appreciation of the resolution. Many reference reports were agreed to on bills which had been in dispute between the two houses. The only debate of any importance was on the bill providing for the restoration to the naval academy of three cadets who had been dismissed for hazing. The house voted overwhelmingly against it. The members after the speaker announced final adjournment, joined in singing patriotic airs, and slowly filed out of the hall after shaking hands with the speaker.

PETITION FOR A MANDAMUS.

Citizen of Porto Rico Wants Employment in the Navy Yard.

Washington, April 30.—Juan Rodriguez, a citizen of Porto Rico, Friday petitioned the District supreme court for a mandamus against Commander John M. Bowyer, Lieut. Commander E. A. Anderson and Lieut. Walter M. Falconer, U. S. N., constituting the board of labor at the United States navy yard here to direct them to register his application for employment. He charges that last February his application for a place as laborer at the navy yard was refused by the board on the ground that he was not a citizen of the United States.

LODGE'S EXCLUSION BILL.

There is Great Satisfaction in Buda Pest Over Its Non-Passage.

Buda Pest, April 29.—Dispatches from Washington announcing that Senator Lodge's proposition for the exclusion from the United States of all aliens "whose immigration is induced by agreements between foreign governments and steamship companies has not been enacted into law have been received with lively satisfaction in government circles. It is now believed that the agreement with the Cunard line is not likely to meet with further obstacles.

ADMISSIONS TO WORLD'S FAIR.

Officially Stated That the Number Was Less Than 200,000 Saturday.

St. Louis, May 2.—While no figures were given out as to the actual number of persons who paid admission to the World's fair Saturday, it was officially stated Sunday night that the attendance was less than 200,000, but larger according to President Francis than that at the World's Columbian exposition at Chicago or the Centennial at Philadelphia on opening day.

Sam Parks is Dying.

Ossining, N. Y., May 2.—Samuel Parks, the former walking delegate of the Structural Iron Workers in New York, is dying in the hospital at Sing Sing prison from tuberculosis. In the opinion of the prison physician Parks can not live more than two days at the most and may die at any moment.

Good Catch of Seal.

St. Johns, N. F., May 2.—The sealing steamer Kiana has arrived with a full load of 22,000 hooded seals. This is an unexpected addition to the catch of the fleet, as full loads at late a period are rare.

A Convention of Fremont Voters.

Jackson, Mich., May 2.—A call will be issued for a convention on May 18 of those men in Michigan who voted for Gen. John C. Fremont, the first republican nominee for president of the United States.

Congressman Nevins Ill.

Washington, April 29.—Congressman Nevins, of Dayton, O., who has been in bed since all session, was taken with another attack of stomach trouble, and is in bed at the Cochran hotel. His condition is sufficiently serious to arouse the apprehension of friends.

Isthmian Canal Commission.

Washington, April 29.—The members of the isthmian canal commission have returned to Washington from a tour of inspection of the recently acquired canal property on the isthmus and will meet here next week.

FIVE DAYS BATTLE

Gen. Kuroki's Army Forced a Crossing of the Yalu River Sunday Morning.

THE RUSSIANS WERE DRIVEN BACK

Japanese Losses Were About 700 Killed and Wounded and the Russians Lost Over 800 Men.

The Japs May Force the Abandonment of the Defenses Erected by the Russians at Antung and Other Points.

Tokio, May 2.—After five days of fighting, largely with artillery, the first Japanese army under Gen. Kuroki has forced a crossing of the Yalu river and Sunday with a gallant infantry charge covering a frontage of four miles it drove the Russians from Chui Tien Cheng and the heights on the right bank of the Iho or Alda river which enters the Yalu from the north almost opposite Wiju. The Japanese turned the left flank of the Russian position and in the battle of Sunday they swept away the new front interposed by the Russians to check their onward movement.

The present position of the Japanese is a dominating one, and they may force the abandonment of the defenses erected by the Russians at Antung and other points lower down the river. Gen. Kuroki began the movement on Tuesday by ordering a detachment of the imperial guards division to seize the island of Kurilo, which is in the Yalu above Wiju, and a detachment of the second division to seize the island of Kinteto, which is situated below Wiju.

The Russians seemed to have established their headquarters. One battery of Japanese artillery which had taken a position on a hill to the east of Wiju fired three volleys at Kusan and at noon of Tuesday the Russian batteries behind Chui Tien Cheng shelled Wiju, wounding one Japanese soldier with shrapnel. On Wednesday the Russians resumed the bombardment of Wiju, firing at intervals throughout the day. The Japanese artillery did not respond to this fire.

The Russians resumed their bombardment on Thursday, but it was generally ineffective. Subsequently Gen. Kuroki ordered two companies of the imperial guards to cross the Yalu and make a reconnaissance along the left bank of the Iho for the purpose of discovering the view of the Russian fortifications along the right bank of the river. The Japanese force advanced toward Kusan, and then dispatched a small detachment to the village where a party of Russians was encountered. In the engagement which followed five Russians were killed.

The twelfth division of the Japanese army was chosen to make the first crossing of the Yalu. It began its preparations on Friday by driving the Russians from their position on the bank of the river opposite Sul Kochin. This division constructed a pontoon bridge over the river and at 3 o'clock Saturday morning it began crossing. The entire division passed over the river during the day and by 6 o'clock Saturday evening it was in the position assigned to it for the battle of Sunday.

A bridge across the main stream of the Yalu just above Wiju was completed at 8 o'clock Saturday night and the second Japanese division and the imperial guards immediately began crossing. They advanced and occupied the hills back of Kusan, facing the Russian position on the right bank of the river. All Saturday night regiment after regiment of Japanese soldiers poured across the bridge. Gen. Kuroki at daylight Sunday centered all his artillery on the Russian position between Chui Tien Cheng and Yoshoko. To this fire the Russians made reply with all their batteries. At 7 o'clock in the morning the Russian battery at Yoshoko was silenced and half an hour later Gen. Kuroki ordered his line, stretching for four miles, to attack. The Japanese infantry on the word of command charged across the Iho, wading that stream breast deep and began storming the heights at 8:15. At 9 o'clock they had swept the Russian line back across the plateau.

The Japanese losses on the Yalu Sunday were about 700 killed and wounded. The Russians lost over 800 men. The Japanese captured 28 quick-firing guns, 20 officers and many men. The Russians made two stands.

The Japanese Sunday captured Chui Tien Cheng, ten miles north of Antung, which is regarded as the key to Russian position on the right bank of the Yalu river. It is understood that the Russians will retreat to Feng Hu an Cheng, which is on the road to Liao Yang.

Russia Issues a Circular.

St. Petersburg, April 29.—The official Messenger publishes a circular, issued by the foreign office to Russian representatives abroad, declaring categorically that Russia will not accept mediation to terminate the war, which, the circular declares, was forced on her.

Neither will Russia, it is declared, allow intervention of any power, whatsoever in the Russo-Japanese negotiations after the war.

Failures During the Week.

New York, April 30.—Business failures in the United States for the week ending with April 28 number 197, as against 199 last week, 173 in the like week in 1903, 174 in 1902. In Canada failures for the week number 24, as against 11 last week.

Two May Day Strikes Ordered.

Chicago, May 2.—Two first of May strikes were ordered Sunday, one involving less than 1,000 bakers arrayed chiefly against the nine largest bakeries in Chicago. The other strike was ordered by the picture frame workers' union.

Boston Bakers Strike.

Boston, May 2.—A strike of more than 1,400 bakers in this city, Cambridge and Chelsea went into effect Sunday night. Every bakery in the three cities is affected, with the exception of the Hebrew bakeries.

UNION CARPENTERS.

One Thousand of Them on Strike in the Mahoning Valley.

Youngstown, O., May 1.—One thousand union carpenters in Youngstown and the Mahoning valley are out on a strike by reason of the Builders' and Contractors' association, refusing to sign a scale for the coming year, making the minimum wage \$3 per day, an advance of 25 cents over the present scale, which has just expired.

The journeymen plumbers have given notice that they will not go to work Monday morning. The master plumbers conceded the scale presented as to wages, 8 hours and other details, but insisted it should expire on February 1 instead of May 1. The union refused to make the concession, and there will be a general strike Monday. The master painters have refused the demand of the journeymen painters for an advance in wages and the union painters will not report for work on Monday.

LURED TO HER DEATH.

Mary McDonald Brutally Murdered in a Lonely Railroad Yard.

Cincinnati, May 2.—Mary McDonald, whose parents live in Saginaw, Mich., lies dead and mangled in the city hospital of this city. She was murdered according to all indications. The man who killed her has not been arrested up to this hour. The crime was a foul and brutal one, and was committed in a lonely railroad yard in a remote part of the city. Mystery which is slowly clearing, surrounds the case. Money the woman had in her possession the last time she was seen alive by her friends is missing. Officers are working on the theory, however, that she was killed through jealous hatred and because of a desire to rob her promised husband of the woman he loved.

INSANE WOMAN'S DEED.

Threw Her Three Children into the Lake and Jumped in Herself.

Cleveland, O., May 2.—Mrs. Caroline Volkman, who is believed to be insane, threw her three children, Annie, aged 11; Willie, aged 5, and Otto, aged 2, into Lake Erie Sunday afternoon and then jumped in herself. Fortunately boatmen were near by and the whole party were rescued without any ill effects. The children were sent to their home and the mother is locked up pending examination regarding her sanity. Domestic troubles is said to have made her temporarily mentally irresponsible.

DISTINGUISHED MEN AT BIER.

J. K. Cowen, Former Baltimore & Ohio President, is Buried.

Millersburg, O., April 30.—The funeral of J. K. Cowen, former president of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, was held here Friday afternoon. Included in the list of distinguished men present were Nathan Goff, Judson M. Harmon and Oscar G. Murray. The executive officers acted as honorary pallbearers. The remains were interred in Oak Hill cemetery.

Easy to Pronounce His Name.

Dayton, O., April 30.—A man named Peschusichkeghi was arrested Friday on suspicion of relieving a countryman of money. The recording sergeant had much trouble in securing his correct name, but the prisoner complacently remarked that it was easily pronounced in the Hungarian language, as follows: "Pass-hoossee-gassch-kehkegee."

Campbell Not a Candidate.

Dayton, O., May 2.—Former Gov. James F. Campbell, who announced recently that he intended to spend his remaining days in Hamilton, has definitely assured his Dayton friends by wire that the report relative to his congressional candidacy had no foundation in fact.

Unearthed Money.

Springfield, O., May 2.—Guided by a dream, twice recurring to him, John Stonebrunner, of Beatty, went to the spot indicated and found buried treasure valued at \$15,000. The money is supposed to have been buried by French traders about 1745. Many of the coins are rare.

Mines Closed By Strike.

Bellaire, O., May 2.—The coal mines in Belmont county, subsidiary No. 5, of Ohio, closed down Saturday night. Five thousand men are idle and await the meeting of the operators, which will be held in Cleveland Tuesday. Railroads are arranging to coal their engines from cars while the strike is on.

Gen. Miles Can Not Attend.

Columbus, O., May 2.—Gen. Nelson A. Miles, who is being boomed as a candidate for president on the prohibition ticket, will be unable to attend the Ohio convention, May 30 and 31, in the board of trade auditorium in this city.

Farmer Hanged Himself.

Marysville, O., May 2.—Henry Poling, wealthy farmer, of Allen township, committed suicide Saturday night by hanging himself to a rafter in his barn. He was discovered Sunday morning by his wife and a neighbor.

Death of William Broderick.

Cincinnati, April 30.—William Broderick, the famous basso of the Francis Wilson Opera Co., died from the effects of heart failure at the Burnet house Friday morning. Broderick was one of the foremost heroic basses of the American stage.

G